



## Physical evidence for the service environment of a restaurant

- Tables (setup)
- Décor
- Layout/Ambient
- Uniform
- Attractive People
- Clean
- Food
- Price
- Parking
- Other Customers
- Promotions in the Menu
- Cushions
- Quality of the Bathroom

- Dishes (Presentation)
- Light
- Music
- Scent
- Temperature

→ "Positive Energy"



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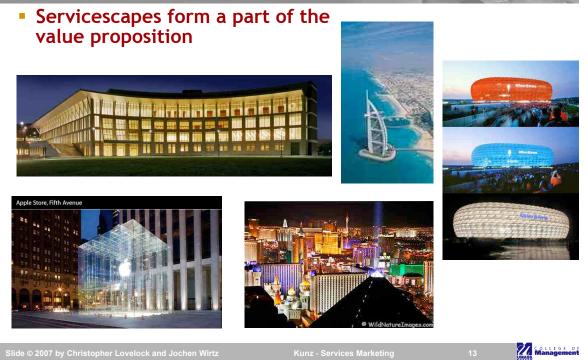
- Helps firm to create distinctive image and unique positioning
- Service environment affects buyer behavior in three ways:
  - Message-creating medium: Symbolic cues to communicate the distinctive nature and quality of the service experience
  - Effect-creating medium: Use colors, textures, sounds, scents and spatial design to enhance desired service experience
  - Attention-creating medium: Make servicescape stand out from competition and attract customers from target segments
  - Facilitator medium: Support the service delivery and interaction process
- Servicescapes form a core part of the value proposition

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### Part of the Value Proposition







### **Elements of Physical Evidence**

#### Servicescape

Facility exterior Exterior design Signage Parking Landscape Surrounding environment Facility interior Interior design Equipment Signage Layout Air quality/temperature Sound/music/scent/lighting

#### **Other Tangibles**

Business cards Stationery Billing statements Reports Employee dress Uniforms Brochures Web pages Virtual servicescape



## Main Dimensions in Servicescape Model



#### Ambient Conditions

> Characteristics of environment pertaining to our five senses

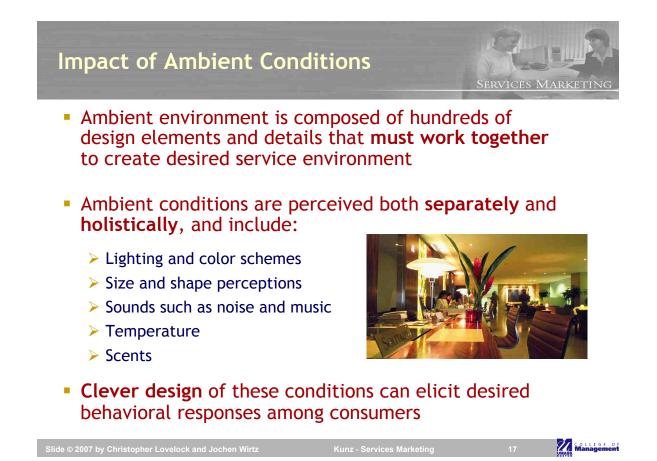
#### Spatial Layout and Functionality

- Spatial layout:
  - Floorplan
  - Size and shape of furnishings, counters, machinery, equipment, and how they are arranged
- > Functionality: Ability of those items to facilitate performance

#### Signs, Symbols, and Artifacts

- Explicit or implicit signals to:
  - Communicate firm's image
  - Help consumers find their way
  - Convey rules of behavior

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# Impact of Signs, Symbols, and Artifacts



#### Guide customers clearly through process of service delivery

- Customers will automatically try to draw meaning from the signs, symbols, and artifacts
- Unclear signals from a servicescape can result in anxiety and uncertainty about how to proceed and obtain the desired service
- > For instance, signs can be used to reinforce behavioral rules





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### Signs Teach and Reinforce Behavioral Rules in Service Settings: sports events



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### People Are Part of the Service Environment: Generator Hostel



Distinctive Servicescapes Create Customer Expectations



## McDonald versus McCafe

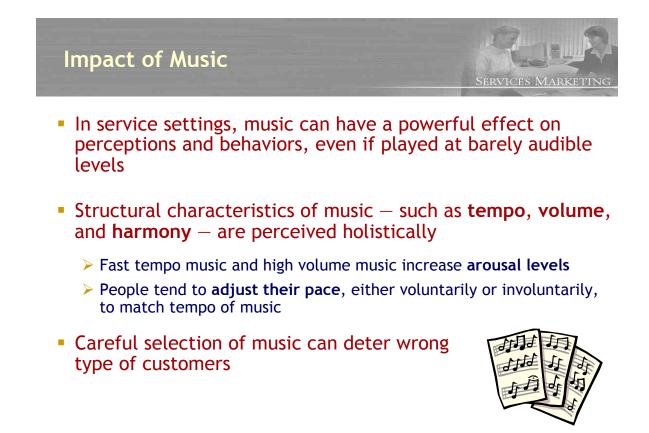


Each servicescape clearly communicates and reinforces its hotel's respective positioning and sets service expectations as guests arrive



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Impact of M	usic on	Restaur	ant Diners
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		Absolute	
		Difference	% Difference
45min	56min	+11min	+24%
\$55.12	\$55.81	+\$0.69	+1%
\$21.62	\$30.47	+\$8.85	+41%
\$76.74	\$86.28	+\$9.54	+12%
\$48.62	\$55.82	+\$7.20	+15%
	\$21.62 \$76.74	\$21.62 \$30.47 \$76.74 \$86.28	\$21.62 \$30.47 +\$8.85 \$76.74 \$86.28 +\$9.54

#### Impact of Scent

- An ambient smell is one that pervades an environment
  - May or may not be consciously perceived by customers
  - Not related to any particular product
- Scents have distinct characteristics and can be used to solicit emotional, physiological, and behavioral responses
- In service settings, research has shown that scents can have significant effect on customer perceptions, attitudes, and behaviors



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# Effects of Scents on Perceptions of Store Environments (1)

Difference Evaluation Unscented Scented Environment Environment Mean Ratings **Mean Ratings** Store Evaluation 5.24 **Negative**/positive 4.65 +0.59Outdated/modern 3.76 4.72 +0.96Store Environment Unattractive/ 4.12 4.98 +0.86attractive Drab/colorful 4.72 3.63 +1.09**Boring/Stimulating** 3.75 4.40 +0.65

Source: Eric R. Spangenberg, Ayn E. Crowley, and Pamela W. Hendersen (1996), "Improving the Store Environment: Do Olfactory Cues Affect Evaluations and Behaviors?," Journal Of Marketing, (April): pp. 67–80.

## Effects of Scents on Perceptions of Store Environments (2)



Evaluation	Unscented Environment Mean Ratings	Scented Environment Mean Ratings	Difference
Merchandise			
Outdated/up-to-date style	4.71	5.43	+0.72
Inadequate/adequate	3.80	4.65	+0.85
Low/high quality	4.81	5.48	+0.67
Low/high price	5.20	4.93	-0.27

Source: Eric R. Spangenberg, Ayn E. Crowley, and Pamela W. Hendersen (1996), "Improving the Store Environment: Do Olfactory Cues Affect Evaluations and Behaviors?," Journal Of Marketing, (April): pp. 67–80

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Impact of Color

- Colors can be stimulating, calming, expressive, disturbing, impressional, cultural, exuberant, symbolic
- Color pervades every aspect of our lives, embellishes the ordinary, gives beauty and drama to everyday objects
- Colors have a strong impact on people's feelings
- Colors can be defined into three dimensions:
  - Hue is the pigment of the color
  - > Value is the degree of lightness or darkness of the color
  - > Chroma refers to hue-intensity, saturation, or brilliance



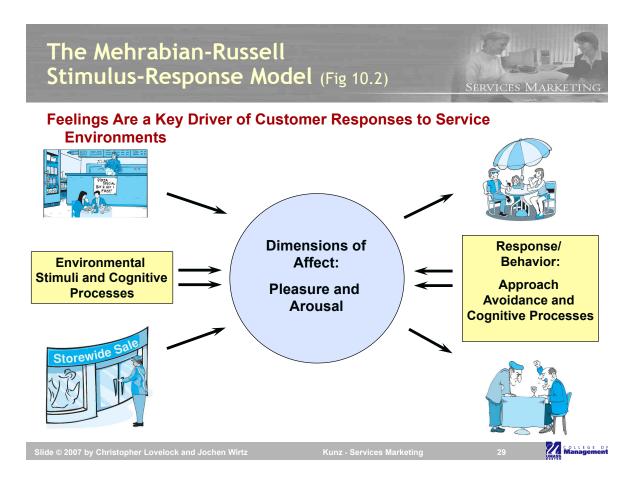
Common Associations and Human Responses to Colors (Table 10.3)



Color	Degree of Warmth	Nature Symbol	Common Association and Human Responses to Color
Red	Warm	Earth	High energy and passion; can excite and stimulate
Orange	Warmest	Sunset	Emotions, expressions, warmth
Yellow	Warm	Sun	Optimism, clarity, intellect, mood- enhancing
Green	Cool	Growth, grass, and trees	Nurturing, healing, unconditional love
Blue	Coolest	Sky and ocean	Relaxation, serenity, loyalty
Indigo	Cool	Sunset	Mediation and spirituality
Violet	Cool	Violet flower	Spirituality, reduces stress, can create an inner feeling of calm

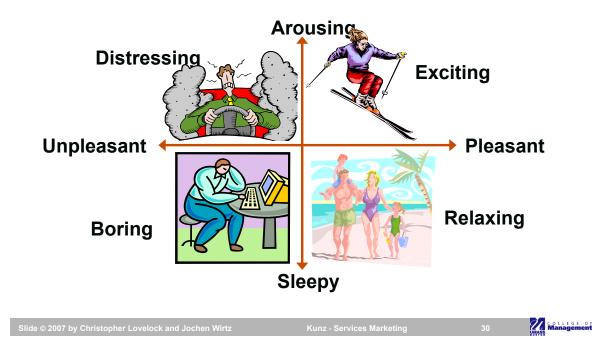
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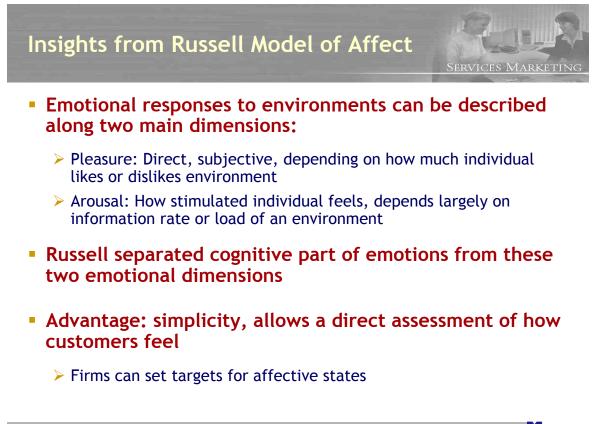
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The Russell Model of Affect Fig 10.3



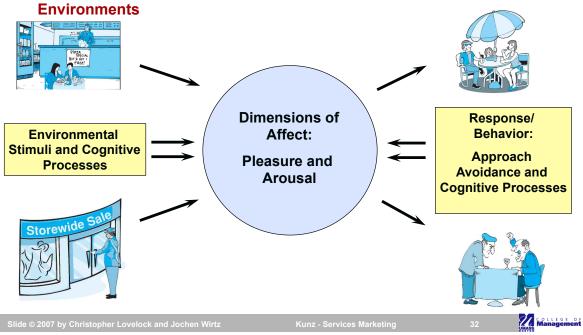




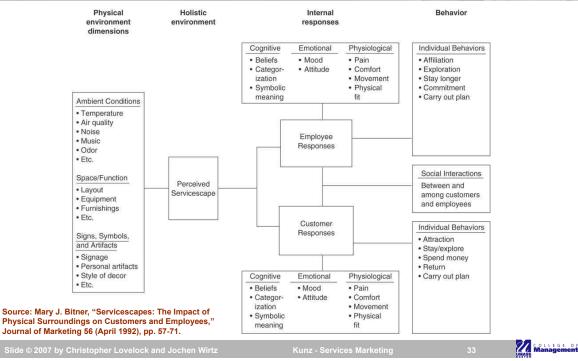
#### The Mehrabian-Russell Stimulus-Response Model (Fig 10.2)

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Feelings Are a Key Driver of Customer Responses to Service



#### A Framework for Understanding Environment-User Relationships in Service Organizations



#### An Integrative Framework: Bitner's Servicescape Model (2)



- Identifies the main dimensions in a service environment and views them holistically
- Internal customer and employee responses can be categorized into cognitive, emotional, and psychological responses, which lead to overt behavioral responses towards the environment
- Key to effective design is how well each individual dimension fits together with everything else
- Design with a holistic view
  - Servicescapes have to be seen holistically: No dimension of design can be optimized in isolation, because everything depends on everything else
  - Holistic characteristic of environments makes designing service environment an art

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- Keen observation of customers' behavior and responses to the service environment by management, supervisors, branch managers, and frontline staff
- Feedback and ideas from frontline staff and customers, using a broad array of research tools from suggestion boxes to focus groups and surveys.
- Field experiments can be used to manipulate specific dimensions in an environment and the effects observed.
- Blueprinting or service mapping—extended to include physical evidence in the environment.

### Guidelines for Physical Evidence Strategy



- 1. Recognize the strategic impact of physical evidence.
- 2. Blueprint the physical evidence of service.
- 3. Clarify strategic roles of the servicescape.
- 4. Assess and identify physical evidence opportunities.
- 5. Be prepared to update and modernize the evidence.

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